



DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION

STUDENT
NOTES

Question 1

Particulars	₹ (in lakh)		
	2015-2016	2016-2017	2017-2018
1. Profit (Loss) before charging Depreciation	(5)	6	16 ✓
2. Depreciation Chargeable u/s 123 (2)	3	7 = 1	6
3. Profit (Loss) after charging depreciation	-8	-1	10

Required: Calculate the Divisible Profits for the year 2017-2018.

Question 2 → Homework

Bharat Ltd. provides you the following information:

Year	Rate of dividend declared	Paid up capital
2012-2013	0.09	₹ 1,00,000
2013-2014	0.08	₹ 1,00,000
2014-2015	0.1	₹ 1,00,000
2015-2016	0.08	₹ 1,00,000
2016-2017	0.06	₹ 1,00,000

Reserves as on 1.4.2017 ₹ 50,000

Loss after charging depreciation for the year 2017-2018 ₹ 6,000 Depreciation for year 2017-2018 ₹ 6,000

Required: X Ltd. desires to declare dividend @ 8.5% for the loss year 2017-2018. Can it do so. State giving reason.

Question 3 → Homework

Due to inadequacy of profits during the year ended 31st March, 2018, PQR Ltd. proposes to declare 8.5% dividend out of general reserves. From the following particulars, ascertain the amount that can be utilized from general reserves for this purpose, according to the Companies (Declaration of Dividend out of Reserves) Rules, 2014.

8% Preference shares of ₹ 100 each, fully paid up	₹ 15,00,000
Equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	₹ 1,10,00,000
General Reserves as on 1.4.2017	₹ 25,00,000
Capital Reserves as on 1.4.2017	₹ 10,00,000
Revaluation Reserves as on 1.4.2017	₹ 15,00,000
Net Profit for the year ended 31 st March, 2018	₹ 4,85,000

Average rate of dividend during the last three years has been 12%.

CY Profit = 16
Depn
 17-18 = 6
 15-16 = 3
 16-17 = 1
Losses
 15-16 = 5
Divisible pft = 1

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Illustration 1

Due to inadequacy of profits during the year ended 31st March, 20X2, XYZ Ltd. proposes to declare 10% dividend out of general reserves. From the following particulars, ascertain the amount that can be utilised from general reserves, according to the Companies (Declaration of dividend out of Reserves) Rules, 2014:

	₹
17,500 9% Preference shares of ₹ 100 each, fully paid up	17,50,000
8,00,000 Equity shares of ₹ 10 each, fully paid up	80,00,000
General Reserves as on 1.4.20X1	25,00,000
Capital Reserves as on 1.4.20X1	3,00,000
Revaluation Reserves as on 1.4.20X1	3,50,000
Net profit for the year ended 31 st March, 20X2	3,00,000
Average rate of dividend during the last three years has been 12%.	

1) Maximum rate of dividend

Preference = 9%.

Equity = 12%.

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 \text{Preference Dividend} & = & 17,50,000 \times 9\% = 1,57,500 \\
 \text{Equity Dividend} & = & 80,00,000 \times 12\% = 9,60,000 \\
 & & \underline{11,17,500}
 \end{array}$$

2) Maximum withdrawal from reserves

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 10\% \text{ (Paidup capital + free Reserves)} \\
 &= 10\% (17,50,000 + 80,00,000 + 25,00,000) \\
 &\quad \sim 12,25,000
 \end{aligned}$$

3) Minimum balance in reserve

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 15\% \text{ Paidup capital} \\
 &= 15\% (17,50,000 + 80,00,000)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{min bal.} = 14,62,500$$

$$\text{curr. bal} = 25,00,000$$

$$\text{withdraw} = \underline{10,37,500}$$

maximum amount of dividend out of reserves = 10,37,500

Company wants to declare :-

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 1. \text{ Preference Dividend} & = & 17,50,000 \times 9\% = 1,57,500 \\
 2. \text{ Equity Dividend} & = & 80,00,000 \times 10\% = 8,00,000 \\
 3. \text{ Total Dividend} & = & 9,57,500 \\
 4. \text{ less: current year profits} & = & 3,00,000 \\
 5. \text{ Amount withdrawn from reserves} & = & \underline{6,57,500}
 \end{array}$$